

about. Common terms like foreground, middle ground and background are used to help describe how the space is used. A "layout" is also another word you may use when referring to space.

Harmonious colour: colours next to each other on the colour wheel; giving a calm feel to images (they are in families of colour EG: like twilight, water or fire) Complementary colours: colours opposite each other on the colour wheel; which contrast and have a strong visual impact.

#### **Project, research and presentation ideas:**

https://www.studentartguide.com/ to see what other students have created in projects https://www.tate.org.uk/ use the search area to find artists and ideas https://weburbanist.com/ explore for artists and ideas https://www.thisiscolossal.com/ explore for artists and ideas Year 12 sketchbook- identity – YouTube a\* (grade 9) art gcse sketchbook tour – YouTube nerissa929

## **Dreams and Nightmares:** A theme exploring surrealism, positive and negative symbolism and concepts around dreams o nightmares which can either be literal or more abstract around situations (EG. Phobias, aspirations for the future etc...)

**Analysis:** an in depth look at artists' work related to projects. **Digitally manipulate:** To change images on the computer using selected programmes

**Primary evidence:** In art the use of photographs or drawing from observation ("from life") to help research compositional ideas or processes for work

**Mixed-media:** Using a range of materials to create art in one art piece (EG: painting, sewing, collage, print etc..)

**Mono printing:** A process of printing once using block printing ink/ carbon paper

**Lino-printing:** A process of printing where the material is carved/gouged away to leave a design to print. The design can be printed multiple times **Carbon paper:** A type of inked paper which can be used to transfer images when pressure is applied using a pen (for mono printing)

Acrylic paint: A paint where the pigment is suspended in a polymer and dries opaque unless

Collage: Using paper and other materials to decorate

**Photomontage:** A collage of images, but a term usually used when creating a collage effect on the computer instead

**Contextual reference:** Information used related to the project which is artistic, historical, contemporary or cultural that can help you with ideas **Reflection:** Repetition of an image on a shiny surface, like a window, mirror or metal spoon. Repetition of an image using digitally reflected shapes (flipping horizontally or vertical). Both creating a symmetrical composition. **Relief:** sculptural term used to usually describe a raised surface on a flat background or a raised surface which creates texture

**Double exposure:** overlays of two images which can be carried out on Photoshop

**Colour wash:** a light covering of paint (acrylic/watercolour/ Brusho) to create a coloured background

**Focal study/ Partial study/ Full study**: copying part of or all the art piece in the right materials to examine how it has been created

**Evaluation:** In art, the process of writing about work created giving reasons why the ideas and processes were used whilst making justified links to the references researched and the theme.

**Development:** An idea created that links your own ideas to the style of artists and themes being explored.

# YEAR 11

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# **T**3 **AND DESIGN**

#### TASKS TO BUILD COURSEWORK – add them to your sketchbooks at school. Link to GCSE Assessment Objectives (AO's):

#### AO1: Develop (Ideas)

- Research artists and images of their work
- Analyse (write) about artists and how they will help you explore the theme, ideas and techniques in your work
- Create studies (copies) of artist's work (part study/ full study) using appropriate materials and processes
- Evaluate the study (use help sheets), explaining how working in the style of the artist has helped you understand the processes and techniques
- Use secondary and primary evidence
- Look at the context of your ideas and consider meaning and message
- Create developments/ own ideas based on research
- Write about the developments explaining how they communicate your ideas

#### AO2: Explore (ideas, techniques and materials)

- Create studies of artist's work
- Experiment with materials to develop ideas
- Explore possibilities with ideas through creative risks, leaps and a range of stimuli
- Explore ideas though using photographic references
- Use a range of materials to explore ideas and increase grades
- Coursework needs to be in 2 art specialisms at least
- Annotate your explorations and how they link to the "message" and theme of the work

#### AO3: Record (ideas, processes, techniques, etc..)

- Use the formal elements to develop ideas
- Show good use of the formal elements
- Annotate work making links to the artists, processes, theme and message/ meaning of the work
- Record and plan composition through a range of methods
- Sketch, draw in detail, plan, create storyboards etc..

#### AO4: Respond (plan and create final responses)

- Plan final ideas related to artists and your own thinking related to the theme
- Create ideas exploring a range of compositions
- Respond throughout your project
- Work to a deadline
- Evaluate your final pieces/ developments reflecting on the artists explored, the theme, your message, story etc (use help sheets)

Deadlines: An important concept reflecting the world of work and the completion of tasks by a given date.

When writing about your artwork reflect on how the message is conveyed (communicated). How do you or the artist communicate meaning (usually through using the formal elements in specific ways)?

Teachers will ask you questions about your work.

You are graded on your

What you write and the

ideas you develop and

create are important.

sketchbooks and final

and its final piece are

40% of your grade.

pieces are 60% of your

grade. Exam sketchbook

Your coursework

coursework and final

pieces for art.

 Take 10-15 photographs, make sure you send them on your school email/ add them to your OneDrive, via the school website.

Task support:

- Draw from photos using a window / lightbox- use: greyscale in several tones, colour, continuous line- need help: look at online tutorials
- Carry out digital colour analysis on artist work (PowerPoint/ Photoshop) to support the colour you choose to use in your own work
- Experiment with relevant materials, filters, photos, apps (EG. PicsArt, Comica, ToonMe, FaceTune, FlipaClip etc..)
- 5. Explore (appropriate and relevant) colours, filters, different ways to create compositions
- 6. Do evaluations and artist analysis at home, so teachers can support you more with the art skills at school.

If it is a 2D piece: Describe the variety of lines, tones, textures, colours, shapes, marks, composition (balance, symmetry/ asymmetrical qualities), colour emphasis, focus, message, quality of light, processes...

If it is a 3D piece: Describe the shapes, scale, proportion, lines, movement, weight, position, placement, method of installation, processes...

#### Some sentences you could try...

- I find this artist interesting because....
- This artist relates to my theme because they explore...
- I think this artist worked from.... observation, imagination.
- Their work is sombre/ peaceful/ energetic/ happy/ joyful/ humorous etc...
- I think this is because they have ...
- used the same colours/materials/scale or I have explored a similar idea/concept /theme.
- The artist's style is...
- This artist makes work in the style of .....
- The artist is like...
- They make work that expresses colour/scale/textures etc...
- I like/dislike this work because...

#### WRITING ABOUT ARTISTS, PROCESSES, LINKS AND OPINIONS...

- Who is the artist?
- What do you see in the artwork?
- What artwork are you looking at? What type is it?
- Where are they from?
- When were they making their artwork?
- Are they a contemporary artist?
- Are they associated with any art movement?
- Are they linked with other artists?
- Why are you looking at this artist?
- How do they relate to your theme?
- How do they relate to your work?
- What materials, techniques/ processes do they use?
- How do they use them?
- Why does this interest you?
- What do you think?

#### PROCESS, METHOD AND TECHNIQUE QUESTIONS

- How do you think the work is made?
- What materials or media have been used?
- What is good about their choice of materials?
- How do the materials help create a certain message?
- What tools and processes have the artists used to make the work?
- Can you see how the artist has developed ideas in other work to create this piece?
- Which 2D and 3D techniques have been used to make the work?
- Is the piece cut, layered or joined together in any way?
- Is this work part of a series?
- Is it striking out in a new direction?
- What could be done to improve it?
- What would you have done?

#### MEANING, MOOD AND MESSAGE QUESTIONS

- What do you think the work is about?
- How does it make you feel?
- What is the mood? Calm, sad, happy, confused?
- Is the work have an ambiguous (not one obvious) meaning?
- Does the work mean somethings to you? Explain what you think?
- What does the work remind you of?
- Does it link with other images, objects you have seen?
- What is the artist trying to say through their work?
- Is there a message?
- How does this work link to your sub-theme and project theme?

The link may be obvious, or it may help you explore other methods/ skills...

#### ART AND DESIGN TERM 3 YEAR 11

ART

Writing Help Sheet for Artist Analysis



### Evaluation

#### Use the writing frame to write your answers then copy them into a paragraph.

#### When you evaluate your work:

1. State what you did or what you were exploring...(drawing, painting, printing, researching, listening, planning, analysis, sharing ideas, experimenting etc...)

I was... (creating a study, developing an idea, was doing research on, experimenting, exploring..)...

- 2. State if you feel your work is linked to the theme well?
- My (study, research, idea, development, final piece..) links (well/badly)...to theme.
- 3. State what you were trying to achieve.
- I was trying to...
- 4. State what materials or processes you used.
- I used...(print, clay, watercolour, photography, pencils, a mobile camera, DSLR, Photoshop...etc...) to...
- 5. State which artists your ideas/task links to, even if it is more than one. My work was based on research I did on ....artist/s.
- 6. State what you used for reference (working from still life, photographs, drawings a model etc...)?

For this piece I used...

7. State what triggered the main ideas for your final work? The main ideas for my final piece were triggered by...

#### ART AND DESIGN TERM 3 YEAR 11

8. Describe which aspects (parts) of the work link to the artists (technique, materials, processes or methods)..EG. the technique, subject matter etc.

I think that... links to ....artist

**9**. **Describe** the techniques and processes and what worked well ...EG. the glue gives it a shiny surface.

As I had used...it.../ The...I used.../Using...gave.../ Then I used which...

10. Describe what you learnt from your experimenting.

By doing ... I learnt...

**11**. **Describe** if the final outcome is to a suitable standard / as well as you could have done.

The final outcome...

In final evaluations write at least 300 words evaluating the project and the final piece. For evaluations about small tasks, you can write less.

- WRITE IN FULL SENTENCES
- ONLY write a small description of what you did: EG."I painted with ink over pastel" ...
- THEN Evaluate your actions: EG. "working with ink over pastels produced exciting textures and this..."
- **DO NOT WRITE:** 'because the teacher told me to'

#### Explain:

ART

2.

12. Why you think the ideas are to a good standard/ well as you could have done... My work is...because...

**13.** How the formal elements have been used: line, tone, texture, colour, space/ composition, form, shape and pattern (whatever is relevant)

3.

I used.../ line (etc..) was created.../ (muted, bright, saturated, subtle) colour...because..

14. How techniques, choices you made worked well...EG. it is eye catching because of the bright colours, the layers give it an interesting texture, the materials join together well. Does the process emphasise a formal element in any way? etc... I think... because...

15. How the work links to the theme (project title), sub- theme (People, environment, manmade or natural world)

This piece links to the theme because ...

16. How the message was conveyed (communicated)? Or ... how will this task help you convey the message of the theme?

I feel my work (successfully/ unsuccessfully) links to the theme because ...

*I also feel my work is (unsuccessful/ successful) because...* It's too large, it's too complicated, there is not enough detail, it is not very secure, the paint is too thickly applied, the image is not clear, there is no focus, etc...

**17**. How you could / should develop the work further? Could it be reproduced, printed, cast, made into a series (a range of similar ideas), or used for another purpose (EG. Turning a photograph into a 3d object) etc.

To develop my work further I could...because this would...(improve...what?)

**18.** How the outcome is to a good standard / as well as you could have done. This outcome (is to a good standard/ has been done as well as I could) because...